



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To,
The Members of
Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of M/s Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, the loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report but does not include the financial statements and our



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auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards)Rules, 2015and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards)Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India., as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit



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evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;



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- c) the Batance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- e) on the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not having any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 3. As required by Section 143 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, we report in the Annexure C and Annexure D, the matters contained therein.

Place: New Delhi

Dated: 20/09/2021

Parther M. No. 536036

For and on behalf of

Jindal

D. Bhatia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Regn. No. 000971N

Udin: 215 56036 AAAAEM 5857

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"ANNEXURE A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' section of our report to the members of Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited of even date)

- (i) (a) The Company does not have any Fixed Assests.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the record of the company, fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year in accordance with the phased programme of verification adopted by the management which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification of all the fixed assets at reasonable intervals. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company does not have any immovable properties.
- (ii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company is engaged in developing power system network more particularly described at Note -1 of Financial Statement. Consequently paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the record of the company, the company has not granted any loans secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register, maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013; and therefore paragraph 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company no loans, investments and guarantees has been provided u/s 185 & 186 and therefore paragraph 3(iv)of the Order is not applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- (vi) As explained to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the products of the company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, service tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31st March 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



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- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax or cess which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has (viii) not defaulted in the repayment of dues to financial institutions, banks and debenture holders.
- The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (ix) (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or any fraud on the company by its officers/employee has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- The provisions of section 197 of Companies Act 2013, is not applicable to the company. (xi) Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the Order is not applicable.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of (xii) our examination of the records of the company, the company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly; paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of (xiii) the records of the company, all transaction with related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the companies act 2013 wherever applicable, and detail has been disclosed in the financial statement etc., as required by the applicable standards.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of (xiv) the records of the company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of share or fully or partly convertible debenture during the year under review. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of (xv)the records of the company, the company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.

The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India (xvi) Act, 1934.

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M. No. 536036

For and on behalf of

D.Bhatia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Regn. No. 000971N

Udin: 21536036 AAAAEM 5857

Place: New Delhi Dated: 20/09/2021

D. BHATIA & CO.

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"ANNEXURE B" TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' section of our report to the members of Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place: New Delhi Dated:20/09/2021

M. No. 536036

FRN:000971N

For and on behalf of

D. Bhatia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Regn. No. 000971N

Udin: 21536036 AAAAEM 5857





"ANNEXURE C" TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

Directions indicating the areas to be examined by the Statutory Auditors during the courseof audit of annual accounts of M/s Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited forthe year 2020-21 issued by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013.

S. No.	Particulars	Remarks
1.	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT System? If yes, the implication of processing of accounting transactions outside IT System on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	All the accounting transactions are processed through PFC software. Transaction processed outside IT system are duly incorporated in ERP software after due sanctions/approvals from the authority.
2.	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated.	No such case was observed in respect of debts/loans/interest etc.
3.	Whether funds received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State agencies were properly accounted for/utilised as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	No funds were received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State agencies.

Place: New Delhi Dated: 20/09/2021 Partner M. No. 536036

For and on behalf of

D. Bhatia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Regn. No. 000971N

Udin: 21536036 AAAAEM 5857



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"ANNEXURE D" TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

We have conducted the audit of accounts of M/s Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited for the year ended on 31ST March, 2021 in accordance with the directions / sub-directions issued by the C&AG of India under Section 143 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the directions / sub-directions issued to us.

Place: New Delhi Dated: 20/09/2021 M. No. 536036

For and on behalf of

Partner

D. Bhatia & Co.

Chartered Accountants Regn. No. 000971N

Udin: 21536036 AAAAEM 5857

(CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363683) Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021

(₹ in Hundreds)

		_	(3 in Hundreds)
	Particulars	Note No.	As at
_			March 31, 2021
	Assets		
(1)	Non-current Assets		,
	(a) Capital Work-In-Progress	3	69,663.11
1			1
(2)	Current Assets		,
1	(a) Financial assets		
	(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	1,000.00
	(b) Other Current Assets	5	2,528.44
	Total Assets		73,191.55
(11)	Equity and Liabilities		
	Equity		~
` '	(a) Equity Share Capital	6	1,000.00
	(b) Other Equity	7	(139.91)
	(-,	, í	860.09
(2)	Liabilities	1	800.09
(A)	Current Liabilities		
	(a) Financial Liabilities		
	(i) Borrowings	8	71,472.96
	(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	9	295.00
	(b) Other Current Liabilities	10	563.50
			72,331.46
	Total Equity and Liabilities		73,191.55

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements

1-30

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Sanjay Nayak

(Director)

DIN:08197193

Sachin Shukla

(Director)

DIN: 08613963

D. Manavalan

(Chairman)

DIN:08102762

For & on behalf of

D Bhatia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg No. : 000971N

(Partner)

M.No. 536036

Place: New Delhi

Date: 2 0 SEP 2021

UDIN: 21586036AAAAEM5857

(CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363683)

Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ending 31st March 2021

(₹ in Hundreds)

(Viii Halidieus)		
	Note No.	For the period from 13th
Particulars		May 2020 to 31st March
		2021
Revenue from Operations		-
Other Income		-
Total Income (I)		-
Expenses		
Other Expenses	11	139.91
Total Expenses (II)		139.91
Profit/(Loss) before tax (I- II =III)		(139.91)
Tax expenses: (IV)		
Current tax		-
Deferred tax		_
Profit/(Loss) for the period (III - IV = V)		(139.91)
Other Comprehensive Income (VI)		-
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (V + VI =VII)		(139.91)
Earnings per equity share : (VIII)		THE COLUMN TWO IS A STATE OF THE COLUMN TWO I
Basic and Diluted (in ₹) (Par value Rs. 10/- per share)	13	(1.40)
		,

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements

1-30

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Sanjay Nayak

Sachin Shukla

(Director)

DIN:08197193

(Director)

DIN: 08613963

D. Manavalan

(Chairman)

DIN:08102762

For & on behalf of

D Bhatia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg No. :000971N

C.A Ankur Jindal

(Partner)

M.No. 536036

Place: New Delhi

Date: 2 0 SEP 2021

UDIN: 21536036AAAAEM5857

(CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363683)

Statement of Cash Flows for the period ending 31st March 2021

(₹ in Hundreds)

		(< in Hundreds)
	Particulars	For the period from
		13th May 2020 to 31st
		March 2021
A.	Cash Flow from Operating Activities:	
	Net profit/(loss) before tax	(139.91)
	Adjustments for:	
	Adjustments	_
	Operating Profit before Working Capital changes	(139.91)
	Adjustments for changes in Working Capital:	
	- Increase/(decrease) in Other financial liabilities	295.00
	- Increase/(decrease) in Other current liabilities	563.50
	- Increase/(decrease) in Other current assets	(2,528.44)
	Cash Generated From Operating Activities	(1,809.85)
	Income Taxes paid	-
	Net Cash from Operating Activities	(1,809.85)
В.	Cash Flow from Investing Activities:	
	Addition in Capital work in Progress	(69,663.11)
	Net Cash from Investing Activities	(69,663.11)
c.	Cash Flow from Financing Activities:	
	Increase in Borrowings	71,472.96
	Issue of Share Capital	1,000.00
	Net Cash from Financing Activities	72,472.96
	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	1,000.00
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as at beginning	6
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as at Closing at 31st March 2021 (Note-4)	1,000.00
	Cash and Cash Equivalents Comprising of:	
	Balance with Banks in Current Accounts	1 000 00
-9	Dalance with banks in current Accounts	1,000.00

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Sanjay Nayak

DIN:08197193

(Director)

Sachin Shukla

(Director)

DIN: 08613963

D. Manavalan

(Chairman)

DIN:08102762

For & on behalf of

D Bhatia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg No. : 0009

C.A Ankur Jindal

(Partner)

M.No. 536036

Place: New Delhi

Date:

2 0 SEP 2021

UDIN:

21536036AAAA EM 5852

(CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363683)

Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ending 31st March 2021

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	Amount
Balance at the Beginning of the Reporting Period as at 13th May, 2020	-
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the Period	1,000.00
Balance at the end of the Reporting Period as at March 31, 2021	1,000.00

B. OTHER EQUITY

(₹ in Hundreds)

	(Tim Trained Bus)
Particulars	Amount
Retained Earnings:	
Balance at 13th May, 2020	-
Profit/(Loss) for the period	(139.91)
Other comprehensive income for the period	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	(139.91)
Balance at March 31, 2021	(139.91)

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Sanjay Nayak

(Director)

DIN:08197193

Sachin Shukla

(Director)

DIN: 08613963

D. Manavalan

(Chairman)

DIN:08102762

For & on behalf of

D Bhatia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg No.

C.A Ankur Jindal

(Partner)

M.No. 536036

Place: New Delhi

Date: UDIN:

2 0 SEP 2021

21536036AAAAEM 5857

(CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363683)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

1 Corporate Information

Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited "the Company" was incorporated on 13th May 2020 under the Companies Act, 2013, as a wholly owned subsidiary of PFC Consulting Limited "PFCCL", which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Finance Corporation Ltd (PFC Ltd), a Govt. of India undertaking. The registered office of the Company is located at 'Urjanidhi', 1, Barakhamba Lane, Connaught Place, New Delhi-110001. The company has been incorporated to develop power system network and Study, Investigate, collect information and data, preparation of survey report, forest clearance etc., if required for the purpose of transmission of electricity and to conduct bidding process etc. for the selection of transmission service provider. The company has undertaken single project namely "Evacuation of power from RE source in / Solar Energy Zone Ananthpuram and Kurnool. The company will be transferred to developer selected as per tariff based competitive bidding guidelines for Transmission Service issued by Ministry of Power, Government of India.

2 Significant accounting policies

a. Basis of Preparation and Statement of Compliance

These Financial Statements have been prepared on historical cost and accrual basis of accounting and are in compliance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) and applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The Financial Statements have been prepared under Ind AS because Ind AS are applicable to its holding company PFCCL. The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is its functional currency. Amounts in these financial statements have been rounded off to 'nearest hundreds upto two decimal points (unless otherwise indicated).

b. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expense, assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates is recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future period affected.

c. Recognition of Income / Expenditure

Income and expenses (except otherwise stated) are accounted for on accrual basis.

d. Capital Work in Progress

Expenditure incurred on Consultancy /Administration /Interest /Manpower Charges/ Legal & Professional etc during construction period/setting up of project (net of incomes) is capitalized & treated as Capital Work In Progress.

e. Expenditure incurred by Holding Company

Expenditure incurred by the company for the Project is funded by the Holding Company (PFCCL) and is considered as Borrowings and disclosed under the head Current Liabilities. Interest is charged by holding company (PFCCL) as per rate applicable from time to time.

f. Preliminary Expenses

Preliminary expenses has been charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss in the year in which such expenditure has been incurred.

g. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost is charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss for the year in which it is incurred except for capital work in progress which is capitalized till the date of commercial use of the assets.



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

h. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

- (i) Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, if it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.
- (ii) Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as contingent liability in notes to accounts, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.
- (iii) Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements but are disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.
- (iv) These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

i. Cash & Cash Equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. The Company considers cash equivalents as all short term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

j. Cash Flow Statement

Cash flow Statement is prepared in accordance with the indirect method, whereby net profit/(loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated.

k. Taxes on Income

Income Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. It is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except when it relates to an item that is recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case, tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted and as applicable at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of Previous Years.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

A deferred tax liability is recognised for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Additional Income Tax that arises from the distribution of dividend is recognized at the same time when the liability to pay dividend is recognized.

I. Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

On initial recognition, financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at fair value plus/ minus transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities. In case of financial assets and financial liabilities which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), it's transaction costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

I.1 Financial Assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a settlement date basis. After initial recognition, financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

i) Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets (other than Equity instruments)

a) Financial Assets at Amortised Cost:

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost using Effective Interest Rate method (EIR):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if both the following conditions are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset; and
- the contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial Assets at fair value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI, with all changes in fair value recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

ii) Impairment of Financial Assets

a) Subsequent to initial recognition, the Company recognises expected credit loss (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortised cost. ECL on such financial assets, other than loan assets, is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses.

The impairment requirements for the recognition and measurement of ECL are equally applied to Loan asset at FVTOCI except that ECL is recognised in other comprehensive income and is not reduced from the carrying amount in the balance sheet.



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

b) Impairment of Loan Assets and commitments under Letter of Comfort (LoC):

The Company measures ECL on loan assets at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL if there is credit impairment or there has been significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If there is no SICR as compared to initial recognition, the Company measures ECL at an amount equal to 12-month ECL. When making the assessment of whether there has been a SICR since initial recognition, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort. If the Company measured loss allowance as lifetime ECL in the previous period, but determines in a subsequent period that there has been no SICR since initial recognition due to improvement in credit quality, the Company again measures the loss allowance based on 12-month ECL. ECL is measured on individual basis for credit impaired loan assets, and on other loan assets it is generally measured on collective basis using homogenous groups.

c) The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

iii) De-recognition of Financial Assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable, and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of that financial asset.

1.2 Financial Liabilities

i) All financial liabilities other than derivatives and financial guarantee contracts are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

EIR is determined at the initial recognition of the financial liability. EIR is subsequently updated for financial liabilities having floating interest rate, at the respective reset date, in accordance with the terms of the respective contract.

ii) De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

(m) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per shares is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per shares and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

3. CAPITAL-WORK-IN-PROGRESS

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021
Opening Balance Transferred from expenditure during construction period (Note:12)	69,663.11
TOTAL	69,663.11

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021
Balance with Bank in Current Account	1,000.00
TOTAL	1,000.00

5. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021
Balance with revenue authorities (Input Tax Credit-GST)	2,528.44
TOTAL	2,528.44



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

6. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021
Authorised Capital	
10,000 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	1,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up	
10,000 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up	1,000.00
TOTAL	1,000.00

(i) Reconciliation of the number of Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period.

Particulars	No. of Shares	Amount
Outstanding as at the beginning of the period		•
Add: Addition during the period	10,000	1,000.00
Outstanding as at the end of the period	10,000	1,000.00

(ii) Rights, Preferences and restriction attached to Equity Shares

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(iii) Equity Shares held by the Controlling Entity:

Particulars	No of shares	%
Equity Shares PFC Consulting Limited, the Holding Company *	10,000	100%

(iv) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

Particulars	No of shares	%
Equity Shares		
PFC Consulting Limited, the Holding Company *	10,000	100%

^{*} Equity shares are held by PFC Consulting Limited and through its nominees.



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

7. OTHER EQUITY

(₹ in Hundreds)

Deutieuleur	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2021	
Retained Earnings:	4	
Balance at the beginning of the Period	7 -	
Add: Total Comprehensive Income for the period	(139.91)	
Balance at the end of the period	(139.91)	

8. BORROWINGS

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at
Pai ticulais	March 31, 2021
Financial Liabilities carried at Amortised Cost (Unsecured)	
Loans from related party (PFC Consulting Limited, holding company)	64,523.18
Interest accrued but not due on loans from related party	6,949.78
TOTAL	71,472.96

9. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021
Expenses Payable	295.00
TOTAL	295.00

10. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

(₹ in Hundreds)

	(till Hallarcas)
Particulars	As at
Faiticulais	March 31, 2021
Statutory dues Payable	563.50
TOTAL	563.50



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

11. OTHER EXPENSES	(₹ in Hundreds)
	For the period from
Particulars	13th May 2020 to 31st
	March 2021
Preliminary Expenses	139.91
TOTAL	139.91

12. EXPENDITURE DURING CONSTRUCTION PERIOD	(₹ in Hundreds)
	For the period from
Particulars	13th May 2020 to 31st
	March 2021
Manpower Charges	68,760.59
Consultancy Charges	446.17
Outsourcing Expenses	1,710.00
Advertisement	3,287.82
Tour & Travelling	325.00
Rates & Taxes	933.34
Other Expenses	6,293.93
Interest Expenses	7,513.28
Interest on TDS	111.08
Audit fee	250.00
Legal and Filing Fees	31.90
TOTAL	89,663.11
Less: Sale of RFP	20,000.00
TOTAL (Transferred to CWIP, Note-3)	69,663.11



ANANTHPURAM KURNOOL TRANSMISSION LIMITED (CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363683)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

11. OTHER EXPENSES	(₹ in Hundreds)
	For the period from 13th May 2020 to 31st
Particulars	13th May 2020 to 31st
	March 2021
Preliminary Expenses	139.91
TOTAL	139.91

12. EXPENDITURE DURING CONSTRUCTION PERIOD (₹ in Hundreds)

	For the period from
*	
Particulars	13th May 2020 to 31st
	March 2021
Manpower Charges	68,760.59
Consultancy Charges	446.17
Outsourcing Expenses	1,710.00
Advertisement	3,287.82
Tour & Travelling	325.00
Rates & Taxes	933.34
Other Expenses	6,293.93
Interest Expenses	7,513.28
Interest on TDS	111.08
Audit fee	250.00
Legal and Filing Fees	31.90
TOTAL	89,663.11
Less: Sale of RFP	20,000.00
TOTAL (Transferred to CWIP, Note-3)	69,663.11



(CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363683)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(₹ in Hundreds)

	(viii ridilaleas)
Particulars	For the period from
	13th May 2020 to 31st
	March 2021
Basic and diluted Earning Per Share	
Face value per Equity Share (In ₹)	10.00
Net Profit / (Loss) after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable	
to Equity Shareholders	(139.91)
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for	
calculating Basic & Diluted EPS	10,000
Basic and diluted Earning Per Share (in ₹)	(1.40)
There are no dilutive instruments issued by the company.	



Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

14. STATEMENT OF TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES
14.1 Name of related parties and description of relationship:

-	Ultimate Holdin	ng C	ompany
1	Power Finance Corporation Limited (PFCL)		
	Holding Co	mpa	any
1	PFC Consulting Limited (PFCCL)		
	Enterprise Under Co		
1	REC Limited (RECL)	2	The second property and the se
3	REC Transmission Projects Company Limited (through RECL)	4	Power Equity Capital Advisors (Pvt) Limited (PECAP)
	Enterprise Under	er Co	
1	Bijawar-Vidarbha Transmission Limited	2	Vapi II North Lakhimpur Transmission Limited- transferred to Sterlite Grid 13 Limited on 23rd June, 2020
3	Karur Transmission Limited	4	Koppal-Narendra Transmission Limited
5	Sikar-II Aligarh Transmission Limited	6	Khetri-Narela Transmission Limited
7	Tanda Transmission Limited	8	Bikaner-II Bhiwadi Transco Limited-transferred to Power Grid
9	SHONGTONG KARCHAM-WANGTOO TRANSMISSION LIMITED	10	Bhadla Sikar Transmission Limited
	Associate	thro	ugh PFCL
1	Coastal Maharashtra Mega Power Limited (through PFCL)	2	Sakhigopal Integrated Power Company Limited (through PFCL)
3	Orissa Integrated Power Limited (through PFCL)	4	
5	Coastal Karnataka Power Limited (through PFCL)	6	
7	Coastal Tamil Nadu Power Limited (through PFCL)	8	Deoghar Mega Power Limited (through PFCL)
9	Chhattisgarh Surguja Power Limited (through PFCL)	10	Cheyyur Infra Limited (through PFCL)
11	Deoghar Infra Limited (through PFCL)	12	Odisha Infrapower Limited (through PFCL)
13	Bihar Infrapower Limited (through PFCL)	14	Bihar Mega Power Limited (through PFCL)
15	Jharkhand Infrapower Limited (through PFCL)	-	i garana (alaungara ell)
	Associate thro	ugh	RECI
16	Mandar Transmission Limited (through RECL)	17	Chandil Transmission Limited (through RECL)
18	Koderma Transmission Limited (through RECL)	19	Dumka Transmission Limited (through RECL)
20	Dinchang Transmission Limited (through RECL)	21	Bhind-Guna Transmission Limited (through RECL) - transferred to
	•		PGCIL on 11th September 2019
	Ajmer Phagi Transco Limited (through RECL)-transferred to PGCIL on 3rd October, 2019		Udupi Kasagode Transmission Limited (through RECL)- transferred to Sterlite Grid on 12th September, 2019
	WRSS XXI (A) Transco Limited (through RECL) - transferred to Adami Transmission Limited on 14th October, 2019	25	Khetri Transco Limited (through RECL)- transferred to PGCIL on 29th August 2019
	Lakadia Banaskantha Transco Limited (through RECL) - transferred to Adani Transmission Limited on 13th November, 2019	27	Rampur Shambhal Transco Limited - Incorporated on 02.05.2019 and transferred to Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (PGCIL)
28 .	Jam Khambaliya Transco Limited (through RECL)- transferred to Adani Transmission Limited on 13th November, 2019	29	Kallam transmission Limied
	Joint Vent	ure	
1]	Energy Efficiency Services Limited (through PFCL)	2	Ceighton Energy Limited (through EESL)
	EESL EnergyPro Assets Limited (through EESL)	4	Edina Acquisitions Limited (through EESL)
	Anesco Energy Services (South) Limited (through EESL)	6	Edina Limited (through EESL)
	EPAL Holdings Limited (through EESL)		Edina Australia Pty Limited (through EESL)
-	Edina Power Services Limited (through EESL)	-	Stanbeck Limited (through EESL)
_	Edina UK Limited (through EESL)		Edina Power Limited (through EESL)
	Armoura Holdings Limited (through EESL)	-	Edina Manufacturing Limited (through EESL)
-		_	
	Key Management Personnel of the Company are Employe	10	Convergence Energy Services Limited

14.2 The Key Management Personnel of the Company are Employees of the ultimate Holding Company (PFC) and deployed on Part Time basis:

on rate time busis.				
S. No.	Name	Designation		Date of
			Date of Appointment	Cessation
1	Shri D. Manavalan	Chairman	13.05.2020	Continuing
2	Shri Sachin Shukla	Director	13.05.2020	Continuing
3	Shri Sanjay Nayak	Director	13.05.2020	Continuing

14.3 Details of Transactions:

14.3.1 Transactions with Related Parties	(₹ in Hundreds)
Particulars	For the period ended March 31, 2021
PFC Consulting Limited (Holding Company)	
- Interest on borrowings	7.513.28
- Manpower charges	68,760.59
- Reimbursement of expenses	6,860.76
- Loans received (Net)	64,523.18

14.3.2 Outstanding Balances with Related Parties

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021
PFC Consulting Limited (Holding Company)	
- Borrowings	64,523.18
- Interest Accrued but not due on Borrowings	6,949.78



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

15. Financial Instruments

(i) Categories of Financial Instruments

(₹ in Hundreds)

	(\lambda iii nunureus)
Particulars	As at
Turitouiui 5	March 31, 2021
Financial Assets:	
Measured at amortised cost	
(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,000.00
Financial Liabilities:	
Measured at amortised cost	
(a) Borrowings	64,523.18
(b) Interest on Borrowings	6,949.78
(c) Other Financial Liabilities	295.00

(ii) Financial Risk Management Objectives

The Company's financial liabilities comprise of borrowings and other payables. The Company's financial assets comprise mainly of cash and cash equivalents. The Company is exposed to market risk (including currency risk, interest risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company by analysing exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. Since the entire operations of the company are in India, the currency risk is not applicable to the company.

(iii) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risks: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. The Company has no exposure from the international market as the Company operations are in India only. Financial instruments affected by interest rate risk includes borrowings. The Company is not exposed to other price risk.

Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis.

There has been no change to the Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are being managed and measured.

(iv) Interest Rate Risk Management

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because it borrow funds at the floating rate of interest charged by Power Finance Corporation Limited (Ultimate Holding Company) under category of " State Sector Borrowers (Category 'A') as determined from time to time.

The Company's exposures to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

(v) Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates at the end of the financial year. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the financial year was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

Sensitivity analysis for a 50 basis points fluctuation in interest and all other variables were held constant is explained below:



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

15. Financial Instruments

If increase by 50 basis point

Particulars	For the period ended March 31, 2021
Impact for Profit or (Loss)	
Impact for Other comprehensive income	

If decrease by 50 basis point

Particulars	For the period ended March 31, 2021
Impact for Profit or (Loss)	-
Impact for Other comprehensive income	-

(vi) Credit Risk Management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Company's bank balances are held with a reputed and creditworthy banking institution resulting to limited credit risk from the counterparties.

(vii)Liquidity Risk Management

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

The Company's financial liabilities comprises majorly of unsecured borrowings from its holding company (PFCCL).

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of Financial Liabilities as at 31st March, 2021:

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Due in 1st year	Due in 2-5 year	Due in More than 5 year	Due Date not Specified	Total Contracted Cash Flows
Financial Liabilities			AND THE COURSE AND COURSE OF SHEET S			
Borrowings	64,523.18	64,523.18	-	-	-	64,523.18
Interest on Borrowings	6,949.78	6,949.78	-	-		6,949.78
Other Financial Liabilities	295.00	295.00	-	-	-	295.00



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

16. Capital management:

The Company manages it's capital to ensure that it will be able to meet the expenses towards the setting up of Independent Transmission Project. The capital structure of the Company consists of equity and debt from its holding company. For the purpose of the capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's management is to maximise the shareholder value. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Company's Board reviews the capital structure of the Company on need basis. During the year company has obtained loan from its holding company of Rs. 64523.18 hundreds and equity share capital as on March 31, 2021 of Rs. 1,000.00 hundreds.

- 17. All the expenses incurred by the Company are towards the setting up of Independent Transmission Project. Since the project is identified, all the expenditures are required to be capitalized as Capital work-in-progress. Hence, expenditure during construction Period as mentioned in Note 12 containing all expenses has been transferred to Capital work-in-progress (Refer Accounting Policy Number 2(d)).
- **18.** The expenses are mainly allocated by PFCCL to **Ananthpuram kurnool Transmission Limited**. Direct Expenditures related to ITP are allocated on 100% basis and common expenditure are allocated based on sharing of services between various ITPs. Original supporting bills in respect of such expenditure incurred by the PFCCL are in the name of PFCCL and retained by them of which copies are available with the company. PFCCL is complying with all the statutory provisions relating to the 'Deduction of Tax At Source and GST etc as appliable to these expenses.
- 19. Employees working for the Company are from holding company i.e. PFC Consulting Ltd. (PFCCL). The expenses appearing in the Note No. 12 "Expenditure during construction period" include manpower charges of PFCCL employees of Rs. 68,760.59 hundreds. The manpower cost of PFCCL employees are charged by PFCCL on the basis of cost to company based on actual time spent by the employees for the Company as per invoice raised by PFCCL. This includes manpower charges of Shri Sanjay Nayak, Director, Rs. 6330.35 hundreds.
- 20. The expenditure on development of the project are incurred by PFC Consulting Limited (PFCCL) (Holding Co.). The company shall pay interest to PFCCL on the expenditure incurred by PFCCL. The rate of interest charged / paid is as applicable in PFC Ltd. for the Project Loan/Schemes (Transmission) for Borrowers under category "State Sector Borrowers (Category 'A') as determined from time to time.
- **21.** During the period, deferred tax asset on the timing difference on carried forward of losses has arisen, however, in absence of virtual certainity of future taxable profit, the same has not been recognised in the Financial Statements.



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ending 31st March 2021

22. Segment Information

The board of directors of the Company, which has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker (CODM), evaluates the Company's performance, allocate resources based on the analysis of the various performance indicator of the Company. The Company is mainly engaged in the business of transmission of electricity and all activities of the Company revolve around this main business as a single unit. Further there are no geographical segments as all the operations of the Company are in India. Therefore, there is no separate reportable segment for the Company as per the requirement of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".

23. The Particulars of dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act"), based on the information available with the Company:

Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act"), based on the information available with the development	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2021
(a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the	
end of accounting period	
(b) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act 2006,	,
along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during	
the accounting period	
(c) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which	
has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest	
specified under the MSMED Act 2006	ONE THE SHARE THE SHEET HE SHARE THE SHARE THE SHARE THE SHARE SHEET HE SHARE THE SHARE SH
(d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting period	
(e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years,	
until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the	1
purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006	

4 Commitments:

24. Communicities.	
	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2021
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided	
for	-
Other commitments	•

25. Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets

25.Contingent Liabilities and contingent	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2021
Contingent liabilities of the company and claims against the company not acknowledged by the	
company as certified by the management for the period	**
Further, No contingent assets and contingent gains are probable to the company.	•



